To protect consumers from deceptive practices with respect to online booking of hotel reservations, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Daines (for himself and Ms. Klobuchar) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To protect consumers from deceptive practices with respect to online booking of hotel reservations, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Stop Online Booking
- 5 Scams Act of 2019".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 In this Act:
- 8 (1) Affiliation contract.—The term "affili-
- 9 ation contract" means, with respect to a hotel, a

1 contract with the owner of the hotel, the entity that 2 manages the hotel, or the franchisor of the hotel to 3 provide online hotel reservation services for the hotel. 4 5 (2)Commission.—The term "Commission" 6 means the Federal Trade Commission. 7 (3) Exhibition organizer or meeting plan-NER.—The term "exhibition organizer or meeting 8 9 planner" means the person responsible for all as-10 pects of planning, promoting, and producing a meet-11 ing, conference, event, or exhibition, including over-12 seeing and arranging all hotel reservation plans and 13 contracts for the meeting, conference, event, or exhi-14 bition. 15 (4) Official Housing Bureau.—The term "official housing bureau" means the organization 16 17 designated by an exhibition organizer or meeting 18 planner to provide hotel reservation services for 19 meetings, conferences, events, or exhibitions. 20 (5) Party directly affiliated.—The term "party directly affiliated" means, with respect to a 21 22

hotel, a person who has entered into an affiliation

contract with the hotel.

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1	(6) Third party online hotel reservation
2	SELLER.—The term "third party online hotel res-
3	ervation seller" means any person that—
4	(A) sells any good or service with respect
5	to a hotel in a transaction effected on the Inter-
6	net; and
7	(B) is not—
8	(i) a party directly affiliated with the
9	hotel; or
10	(ii) an exhibition organizer or meeting
11	planner or the official housing bureau for
12	a meeting, conference, event, or exhibition
13	held at the hotel.
14	SEC. 3. REQUIREMENTS FOR THIRD PARTY ONLINE HOTEL
15	RESERVATION SELLERS.
16	(a) Requirement.—It shall be unlawful for a third
17	party online hotel reservation seller to advertise, market,
18	or promote the sale of a hotel room reservation or charge
19	or attempt to charge any consumer's credit card, debit
20	card, bank account, or other financial account for any
21	good or service sold in a transaction effected on the Inter-
22	net, if the third party online hotel reservation seller states
23	or implies that it is, or is affiliated with, the person who
24	
	owns the hotel or provides the hotel services or accom-

1	(D) ENFORCEMENT BY COMMISSION.—
2	(1) Unfair or deceptive acts or prac-
3	TICES.—A violation of subsection (a) by a person
4	subject to such subsection shall be treated as a viola-
5	tion of a rule defining an unfair or deceptive act or
6	practice prescribed under section 18(a)(1)(B) of the
7	Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C
8	57a(a)(1)(B)).
9	(2) Powers of commission.—
10	(A) In General.—The Commission shall
11	enforce this section in the same manner, by the
12	same means, and with the same jurisdiction
13	powers, and duties as though all applicable
14	terms and provisions of the Federal Trade
15	Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) were in-
16	corporated into and made a part of this Act.
17	(B) Privileges and immunities.—Any
18	person who violates this section shall be subject
19	to the penalties and entitled to the privileges
20	and immunities provided in the Federal Trade
21	Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.).
22	(C) Rulemaking.—
23	(i) In General.—The Commission
24	may promulgate such rules as the Commis-

1	sion considers appropriate to enforce this
2	section.
3	(ii) Procedures.—The Commission
4	shall carry out any rulemaking under
5	clause (i) in accordance with section 553 of
6	title 5, United States Code.
7	(c) Enforcement by States.—
8	(1) In general.—In any case in which the at-
9	torney general of a State has reason to believe that
10	an interest of the residents of the State has been or
11	is being threatened or adversely affected by the en-
12	gagement of any person subject to subsection (a) in
13	a practice that violates such subsection, the attorney
14	general of the State may, as parens patriae, bring
15	a civil action on behalf of the residents of the State
16	in an appropriate district court of the United States
17	to obtain appropriate relief.
18	(2) Rights of federal trade commis-
19	SION.—
20	(A) NOTICE TO FEDERAL TRADE COMMIS-
21	SION.—
22	(i) In general.—Except as provided
23	in clause (iii), the attorney general of a
24	State shall notify the Commission in writ-
25	ing that the attorney general intends to

1	bring a civil action under paragraph (1)
2	before initiating any civil action against a
3	person subject to subsection (a).
4	(ii) Contents.—The notification re-
5	quired under clause (i) with respect to a
6	civil action shall include a copy of the com-
7	plaint to be filed to initiate the civil action.
8	(iii) Exception.—If it is not feasible
9	for the attorney general of a State to pro-
10	vide the notification required by clause (i)
11	before initiating a civil action under para-
12	graph (1), the attorney general shall notify
13	the Commission immediately upon insti-
14	tuting the civil action.
15	(B) Intervention by federal trade
16	COMMISSION.—The Commission may—
17	(i) intervene in any civil action
18	brought by the attorney general of a State
19	under paragraph (1); and
20	(ii) upon intervening—
21	(I) be heard on all matters aris-
22	ing in the civil action; and
23	(II) file petitions for appeal of a
24	decision in the civil action.

1	(3) Investigatory powers.—Nothing in this
2	subsection may be construed to prevent the attorney
3	general of a State from exercising the powers con-
4	ferred on the attorney general by the laws of the
5	State—
6	(A) to conduct investigations;
7	(B) to administer oaths or affirmations; or
8	(C) to compel the attendance of witnesses
9	or the production of documentary or other evi-
10	dence.
11	(4) State coordination with federal
12	TRADE COMMISSION.—If the Commission institutes a
13	civil action or an administrative action with respect
14	to a violation of subsection (a), the attorney general
15	of a State shall coordinate with the Commission be-
16	fore bringing a civil action under paragraph (1)
17	against any defendant named in the complaint of the
18	Commission for the violation with respect to which
19	the Commission instituted such action.
20	(5) Venue; service of process.—
21	(A) Venue.—Any action brought under
22	paragraph (1) may be brought in—
23	(i) the district court of the United
24	States that meets applicable requirements

1	relating to venue under section 1391 of
2	title 28, United States Code; or
3	(ii) another court of competent juris-
4	diction.
5	(B) Service of Process.—In an action
6	brought under paragraph (1), process may be
7	served in any district in which the defendant—
8	(i) is an inhabitant; or
9	(ii) may be found.
10	(6) ACTIONS BY OTHER STATE OFFICIALS.—
11	(A) In general.—In addition to civil ac-
12	tions brought by attorneys general under para-
13	graph (1), any other officer of a State who is
14	authorized by the State to do so may bring a
15	civil action under paragraph (1), subject to the
16	same requirements and limitations that apply
17	under this subsection to civil actions brought by
18	attorneys general.
19	(B) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this
20	subsection may be construed to prohibit an au-
21	thorized official of a State from initiating or
22	continuing any proceeding in a court of the
23	State for a violation of any civil or criminal law
24	of the State.